## TAXONOMY OF HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES

by

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For many years I have been concerned with what I consider to be Human Rights Issues in Career Development. To get some idea of where this topic fitted in with Human Rights Issues in general I sought a Taxonomy of HRI.

To get a measure of what is required I have examined the topics Amnesty International and Global Giving list on their websites under the Human Rights heading and have come up with the following categories:-

- 1 Preventing deliberate action by individuals against other individuals
- 2 Remedial action for victims of deliberate actions by other humans
- 3 Campaigning for human rights
- 4 Remedial action for victims of avoidable results of deliberate actions by others.
- Remedial action to make good shortfalls in Government and/or community provision due to lack of (a) awareness, (b) action or (c) resources.
- 6 Remedial action to make good deliberate shortfalls in Government and/or community provision.
- 7 Preventing deliberate action by Government agencies against individuals
- 8 Preventing prejudiced action by individuals & Governments to the detriment of individuals or groups.
- 9 Particularly difficult to classify

The lists, together with extracts from the description of each item and and the 'marking' in terms of the taxonomy are given below.

None of these categories cover the kinds of HRI in Career Development I envisaged. With this in mind I would be glad to learn of a more comprehensive and well-thought-out Taxonomy of Human Rights Issues.

Harold Beck May 2009

GLOBAL GIVING PROJECTS IN HUMAN RIGHTS	1	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	7	<u>8</u>	9
Gender violence	<b>V</b>	$\sqrt{}$							
New life for sex (trade/abuse) survivors									
Training leaders to develop skills to further human rights			$\sqrt{}$						
Improve lives of women & children with HIV				1					
Healing child victims of sex trafficking		V							
Help feed etc. 200 neglected elderly						V			
Help build a home					$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			
Help families displaced by war		V							
Provide a Community Centre for Sex Workers									V
Help children with disabilities					V				
Support an at-risk indiginous people/community				<b>V</b>		V			
Train adolescents to organise and lead children to improve impoverished communities					1	V			
Open a home for children at risk	V	$\sqrt{}$							
Give AIDS orphaned children security and development by providing a home		V		V	V				
Provide football training and development for homeless children		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			
Provide school playgrounds in memory of a child who was killed									$\sqrt{}$
Give sports ativities and workshops for children displaced by ethnic violenced		1							
Provide simple decent housing for those living in shacks		$\sqrt{}$				$\sqrt{}$			
Provide machines to free bonded workers		$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$	1			
AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL - HUMAN RIGHTS BY TOPIC	1	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	9
<u>Armed conflict</u> In conflicts, governments and armed groups attack civilians and commit war crimes and terrible abuses of human rights - few	V								

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL - HUMAN RIGHTS BY TOPIC	1	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	9
<u>Armed conflict</u> In conflicts, governments and armed groups attack civilians and commit war crimes and terrible abuses of human rights - few perpetrators are held accountable.	V	1							
Arms trade	V								
Business and human rights trans-national companies have unprecedented power and influence cause harm by directly or by colluding with others violate human rights there are few effective mechanisms to prevent corporate human rights abuses or to hold companies to account survivors of Bhopal are still waiting for meaningful justice.	V	V		V	1				

Children are denied their human rights, including e.g. their right to education. They are recruited into armed forces subjected to the death penalty, are disappeared, are punished by cruel and inhumane methods and suffer many other forms of violence.  Everyone has the right to education - which should be available free to all at least at the primary level. Education is also indispensable in realizing other human rights.	V	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		V				
Many children miss out on their education because: they are made to work, recruited into armed forces, their families do not have the means to pay for schooling, discrimination and racism undermine their chance to receive an education, face violence as they pursue their education.								
<u>Counter Terror with Justice</u> The so-called "war on terror" has led to an erosion of a whole host of human rights. States resorting to practices long prohibited by international law have sought to justify them in the name of national security.						V		
<u>Death penalty</u> The death penalty is the ultimate denial of human rights. It is the premeditated and cold-blooded killing of a human being by the state done in the name of justice. It violates the right to life as proclaimed in the UDHR.						<b>√</b>		
<u>Detention</u> Aspects that Amnesty International campaigns on include: prisoners of conscience, arbitrary, incommunicado and secret detention and solitary confinement, fair trial, torture and other forms of ill-treatment. Contrary to UDHR.						<b>√</b>		
<u>Discrimination</u> Discrimination is an assault on the very notion of human rights the systematic denial of certain peoples' or groups' full human rights because of who they are or what they believe.							1	
Economic, social and cutural rights Billions of women, men and children face levels of deprivation that undermine the right to live with dignity. Hunger, homelessness and preventable disease are a human rights scandal. Even in rich countries, there are people who do not have access to education, health care and housing. Governments often blame a lack of resources, but, in fact, many people face systematic discrimination, while those on the margins of society are often overlooked altogether.				√	V			
The international community has stood by while individual governments have ignored the human rights of millions of people. International financial institutions have imposed conditions on countries that have led to reduced access to education and health care for people living in poverty.								
<u>Enforced disappearances</u> An enforced disappearance takes place when a person is arrested, detained or abducted by the state or agents acting for the state, who then deny that the person is being held or conceal their whereabouts, placing them outside the protection of the law.				1	1			
Ereedom of expression individuals face harassment and imprisonment as a result of exercising their right to freedom of expression.  Everyone has the right to seek, receive and impart information and ideas without fear or interference important for the personal development and dignity of every individual and is vital for the fulfilment of other human rights.						V		

		V				
	1					
	V					
	<b>√</b>					
		1	1			
	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>		
	V	1	1	V	<b>√</b>	
				√		
		1			1	
V						